2019 Annual Inspection Report

for Compliance with the Coal Combustion Residuals Rule
(40 CFR Part 257)

Valmont Station

1800 North 63rd Street
Boulder, Colorado 80301

January 18, 2020
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Certification

Valmont Station CCR Unit 2019 Annual Inspection for Compliance with the Federal Coal Combustion Residuals Rule

I hereby certify that the Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) unit (i.e. the landfill) at Valmont Station meets the inspection and operation standards specified in 40 CFR Part 257.84(b) of the Federal CCR Rule. The Valmont Station is owned by the Public Service Company of Colorado (PSCo), an Xcel Energy Company.

I am duly licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Colorado.

Brian Brown, PE
Colorado PE License 0041644
License renewal date October 31, 2021
1 Introduction

On April 17, 2015 the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) published regulations under Subtitle D of the Resources Conservation and Control Act (RCRA) meant to control the safe disposal of coal combustion residuals (CCR) generated by coal fired electric utilities. The rule defines a set of requirements for the disposal and handling of CCR within CCR units (defined as either landfills or surface impoundments). As specified in 40 CFR 257.84(b), “Existing and new CCR landfills and any lateral expansion of a CCR landfill must be inspected on a periodic basis by a qualified professional engineer to ensure that the design, construction, operation, and maintenance of the CCR unit is consistent with recognized and generally accepted good engineering standards.” Valmont Station has one (1) CCR landfill subject to the inspection requirements.

This is the fifth annual inspection report for the existing Valmont CCR landfill. This report must be completed and placed into the facility operating record no later than January 18, 2020.

The requirements of the annual inspection include:

- A review of available information regarding the status and condition of the CCR unit - §257.84 (B)(1)(i),
- A visual inspection of the CCR unit to identify signs of distress or malfunction - §257.84 (B)(1)(ii),
- An inspection report that includes the following:
  - Changes in geometry since the last inspection - §257.84 (B)(2)(i)
  - Approximate volume of CCR in unit at time of inspection - §257.84 (B)(2)(ii)
  - Appearance of actual or potential structural weakness of the CCR unit - §257.84 (B)(2)(iii)
  - Any other changes which may have affected the stability or operation of the CCR unit since the last inspection - §257.84 (B)(2)(iv)

2 Site Inspection

In accordance with §257.84(b)(ii), a site inspection of the Valmont CCR Landfill was conducted by an independent Professional Engineer on November 15, 2019. The inspection was conducted by Brian Brown of HDR Engineering Inc. (HDR) and Jennifer McCarter and Luke Wolfe of PSCo. This site inspection was performed well in advance of the CCR submittal deadline to ensure that the inspection was completed prior to snow covering the ground.

The weather during the site visit was sunny with temperatures around 60 degrees Fahrenheit. The site was free of snow cover.
3 Review of Available Information

Numerous documents pertaining to the site operation and structural integrity were reviewed including:

1. Engineering Design and Operation Plan (EDOP), Revision January, 2009 by PSCo. PSCo reported no change in document and still operating under this document. Document not reviewed again since the document is unchanged.


3. Available Weekly CCR Landfill Inspection Forms (per Section 257.84(a)).

4. Topographic Map of site post 2018 fill activity at CCR landfill, flown date 10-12-2018, by Great Lakes Environmental & Infrastructure. Figure date 11-15-2018. Document not reviewed again as the landfill is unchanged.

Review of the above documents did not contain any indications of continuing operational, safety, or structural concerns regarding the CCR landfill.

4 Visual Inspection

The site inspection included walking or driving the entire perimeter of the landfill, the interior access road, and select intermediate elevations along the exterior fill embankment.

The site inspection included an evaluation of the following landfill features:

1. landfill side slope toe of slope;

2. Landfill side slope benches;

3. Riprapped stormwater drainage conveyance channels on southwest side (Areas Q1 and A-3) of landfill and east end (Area B1) of landfill; and

4. Most recent CCR fill areas (in 2018) (Area D1, C1, E1, and A2).

The following are the findings of the site inspection:

The landfill side slopes showed no signs of operational or functional concerns. Areas of erosion are noted below:

- The landfill side slopes along the southwest and west side of Area Q1 have minimal vegetation cover. Despite the presence of regular benches to slow the stormwater flow, these areas show signs of rill erosion of varying depth. These areas require continued monitoring and may require additional topsoil cover and revegetation to minimize future rill erosion.
The western side slopes of landfill areas Q1 and A3 have numerous active prairie dog burrows. These burrows should continue to be monitored as they can impact local slope stability and become conduits for stormwater flow. PSCo reported that it has implemented measures to minimize prairie dog burrow impacts in the soil cover, with limited success. PSCo has indicated that ongoing maintenance will be implemented to continue to address this issue.

The southern slopes of Area Q1 had some apparently inactive rill erosion near the top of the slope that should be monitored.

The inactive southeastern and eastern side slopes have a continuous grade that generally ranges from approximately 2 horizontal to 1 vertical (2H:1V) to 3H:1V with some steeper sections, no benches, and a dense stand of vegetation.

- There is a riprap run down on the east slope (Area B1) with no visible erosion or stability concerns.
- The south slope is an area where sloughing and localized instability is visible about one quarter down from the top plateau (against a degraded line of straw bales). This area is heavily vegetated but should be monitored for future sloughing or movement. After a site visit, the consensus of HDR engineering staff was to continue monitoring the area. No additional movement, including surface tension cracks, or sloughing was observed since the prior annual inspection. Xcel is discussing ways to address what appears to be the inactive surface topsoil sloughing to ensure that the required topsoil cover is present. This work may be completed in 2020.

The interior access road leading to the active landfill fill area has steep soil embankments. Minimal erosion was observed during the inspection indicating that the access road embankments do not receive enough surface water run-on flow to create excessive rill or gulley erosion. The roadway embankments should be monitored for localized or general sloughing, though none was observed.

The north facing landfill embankment of areas D1, E1 and B1 are graded to a uniform slope. This slope does not have benches but does have a dense cover of vegetation. No erosion or sloughing was noted.

Area D1 impacted by construction in 2018 were seeded and at the time of inspection were covered with vegetation. Areas within D1, particularly to the east end of the cell, that were not disturbed by the 2018 construction were soil and vegetation covered. No erosion was noted during inspection.

There was no standing water observed in the ash cells.

5 Changes in Geometry

The Federal CCR Rules require that site geometry changes be identified since the last inspection. Since there was no landfill activity since December, 2018, the site footprint has not changed.
6 Approximate CCR Volume

The CCR within the disposal area as of November 2015 was estimated by PSCo based on volume estimates that utilized topographic surveys, disposal records, ash generation volumes, and extrapolation of generation volumes. The total combined volume of CCR deposited within the landfill through November 2018 is estimated to be 1,509,960 CY cubic yards, assuming one cubic yard of CCR/coal material equates to one ton. No CCR was deposited in the landfill between December, 2018 and December, 2019.

7 Appearance of Structural Weakness

Based on the site inspection, no apparent or potential structural weaknesses were observed. Per Section 4 above, continued monitoring and minor repairs should be implemented as needed to address rill erosion, prairie dog burrows, and apparent localized sloughing, and prevent development of areas of structural weakness.

8 Changes Affecting Stability or Operation

The Federal CCR Rule requires that changes that affect site stability or operation be identified since the last inspection. Since the last annual inspection, there were no observed nor reported operational changes or site conditions that indicate issues of stability or safety.
Appendix A – Landfill Site Maps

Attachments:

CCR Jan 2020 Annual Report Fig 1
CCR Jan 2020 Annual Report Fig 2
Area within Ash Pile Boundary filled with CCR and soil capped by November, 2018. No further activity.

Burrows and limited rill erosion.

Hill erosion

Area of inactive soil sloughing

Access with steep side cuts.


Notes in red added by HDR Engineering for CCR Annual Inspection Report, January 2020. CCR Jan 2020 Annual Inspection Figure 2.